



User Manual

for the

## **RKV - Mark II**

tube headphone amplifier

We congratulate you with the purchase of this superb AUDIO VALVE HiFi component.

This handcrafted product has been manufactured according to your wishes,  
and will allow you many years of musical joy.

AUDIO VALVE guarantees that this amplifier has been produced under the strictest manufacturing guidelines, established through decades of tube amplifier design. Your RKV headphone amplifier has been thoroughly tried and tested in all detail.

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**I personally guarantee the quality of this product**

H. Becker

Manager Production & Development

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### 1. Introduction and general information

Dear client, we congratulate you with your purchase of this superb AUDIO VALVE HiFi component.

**To safeguard maximum functionality and to avoid problems up operation, it is important that you carefully study this user manual and that you follow all instructions therein precisely!**

The RKV Mk II excels through a number of technical details that are unique for a tube based device in this price category. By design only tubes are found inside the signal path of the RKV. Solid state electronics are only used to create a stable voltage supply and to compensate for the low production tolerances of tubes. The RKV is built in double mono, i.e. each channel has its own power supply. Even in devices at a much higher price range this feature is not a standard. For the technicians amongst us; the RKV has been built as a differential amplifier, and therefore the output voltage is always in phase with the input signal. Of course an ALPS potentiometer is used to control volume. Like all other Audio Valve amplifiers the RKV is built inside a hard-coated case of laser cut steel with gold-plated terminals. A few important notes:

The most successful Audio Valve tube amplifier is the RKV, that has been launched in 1984. Traditional tube technology has been discarded and through new and uncommon solutions a concept has been created, that was and is unique in the construction of amplifiers. However, modern solid-state technology was not discarded and thus a product was built that reflects 40 years of electronical development. The concept is copy protected by the patent DE 3200 51T.

Why a headphone amplifier? Can't we simply use the output of a receiver? The answer is a clear NO. To faithfully reproduce the extreme dynamic range that modern CD-players allow, high quality dynamic headphones need driving voltages that are much higher than those provided by the power supplies of transistor devices. To allow adequate output levels was one of the requirements for the new amplifier. In addition short-circuit protection and a technically impeccable reproduction with a typical tube sound were major design goals. All these requirements were fulfilled with the RKV.

The concept of the RKV has no output transformer. It is a typical example of an OTL design. The only problem that remained was to eliminate the signs of wear and tear normally associated with tubes, e.g. increasing tolerances, humm, microfonie, etc. These problems generally take a lot of effort to deal with.

By using a high-quality opamp a DC-servo could be created that eliminates all the negative aspects of tubes. Even the base line settings are automatically stabilised, independent of the age of the tube. Thus even tubes can be used that are approaching their end of life.

In summary, the servo control system prevents any losses in quality of sound during the entire lifetime of the tubes.

In case your headphone has a low impedance, we recommend to use the "Impedancer" which has outputs for 8 - 16 - 32 - 64 Ohm headphones. Also high-efficiency loudspeakers can be driven.

## 2. Manufacturers information

Factory address:

AUDIO VALVE, H. Becker,  
Auf dem Streken 7  
D-32689 KALLETAL  
GERMANY,

Tel.: 0049 - (0) 5264 77 99  
Fax: 0049 - (0) 5264 65 44 77

VAT.-ID. 125 673 965

Email: service@audiovalve.info  
website: www.audiovalve.de

## 3. Safety precautions

Important: Please read the user manual before assembly and operation of the amplifier

Anyone, unable to comprehend the instructions stated in the user manual should not operate the device.

Children and minors are not to use the device and should be kept at a safe distance from the device while it is running.

The user is responsible for operating the device in an appropriate fashion and takes full responsibility towards third parties. At first use electrical safety is to be checked through professional assessment

Please check that the mains voltage printed on the rear panel of the amplifier corresponds with the mains voltage in the country where you intend to use the amplifier.

Always check powercords and plugs for damage before use.

Disconnect the powercord before any service to the amplifier.

In the unlikely event of a failure of the device repairs may be performed by AUDIO VALVE authorized technicians only.

Use ORIGINAL spare parts only!

Please take note of the fact that **we decline product liability** for damages caused by our devices, parts and components as a result of:

- a) Unprofessional and/or faulty and/or correct repairs that have been performed in other than the by AUDIO VALVE approved repair facilities,
- b) Usage of other than ORIGINAL and approved spare parts.

The RKV-Amplifier is subject to and complies with German security class 1 for devices with metal housing. The device is grounded, and may not –by manipulation or otherwise- be ungrounded for any reason! To prevent humm as a result of ground loops the electrical circuitry internally has been disconnected from grounded mass!!

#### **4. Intended use / Application**

AUDIO VALVE Hi-Fi Amplifiers are intended for use for the situations listed below only:

- To play and transfer music of any make and fashion when this occurs in private dwellings or studios.
- All devices must be operated under moderate climatological circumstances, comparable to those under which human beings usually live. When the surrounding temperature is too high, the device will heat up beyond its optimal parameters. This can damage the amplifier. Proper ventilation will be needed, and the amplifier should not be covered in. Allow approximately 3 cm of air sidewise and approximately 4 cm above the amplifier to cool the amplifier.
- Unusually high humidity of the air increases the risk of shortcircuits in the device because of the increased conductivity. This reduces the internal insulation values dramatically and will eventually result in a malfunction of the amplifier. This increased conductivity also might endanger the user of the device. In general terms the amplifier should not be used for other than its intended purpose.

#### **Factory assembly & getting started**

Once the amplifier has arrived at its desired destination, make sure the amplifier has ample time to adjust to the climate at its new location. It is likely that the changes in temperature and humidity between the last location and the new one, has caused condensation to build up somewhere in the amplifier. This can damage the device. Please allow the amplifier at least two hours to acclimatise.

The amplifier comes fully assembled, ready to go. The powercord should not be used as yet, please connect all other input and output connectors first (cinch cables, speaker cables, etc). The device **MUST** be switched off while connecting it to other components, it might be damaged if this is done with the amplifier under power. The person operating the amplifier might be hurt as well in this case, since powerspikes, operating currents and voltage charges may occur! Check whether the ON/OFF switch is in the OFF position. If so, you can now plug in the powercord.

Use high quality cables only! Usage of DIY cables, low spec cables or cables intended for other use voids all warranty and cancels any product liability. Make sure all plugs are connected tightly to the amplifier. When in doubt, replace the cable.

Allways use the device in a 'complete configuration' , damages may occur when devices are not connected to the amplifier when it is being run.

Never lift the device by its glass cover. The amplifier should be positioned at a level surface, in time the construction of the glass housing may fail as a result of tensile forces. Please check all connectors. If all connectors are undamaged, make sure the switch is in the OFF position, connect the powercord and swith the amplifier on. You can make sure the amplifier is properly connected by checking the tubes and the blue LED at the front of the amplifier. Only the inside of each tube should glow. If the steel coverjacket glows as well, the device is faulty and must be serviced immediately.

As a rule of thumb the device should work now. Don't push the volume up to its maximum yet and allow the device to burn in smoothly and avoid powerspikes.

The RKV-Amplifier needs at least a 10 Ampere circuit breaker between its powercord and the mains. Make sure your wallsocket is equipped in such a fashion.

## 6. Operating instructions

The frontside of the RKV has a number of controls, whose functions need some explanation.

At the left you find two 6.3 mm headphone jacks. Internally these jacks are connected in parallel. Both can be used to connect headphones with an load impedance of 100 - 2000 Ohm. Please do not connect devices with a lower impedance, the output of the amplifier is "shortened " and the life time of the tubes is reduced drastically. You may also connect an impedanzer to one of the headphone jacks which allows you to use low impedance headphones. Please do not connect an additional headphone in case the impedanzer is used. It might be forgotten and be loaded with an uncontrolled high output level. This could damage the heaphone.

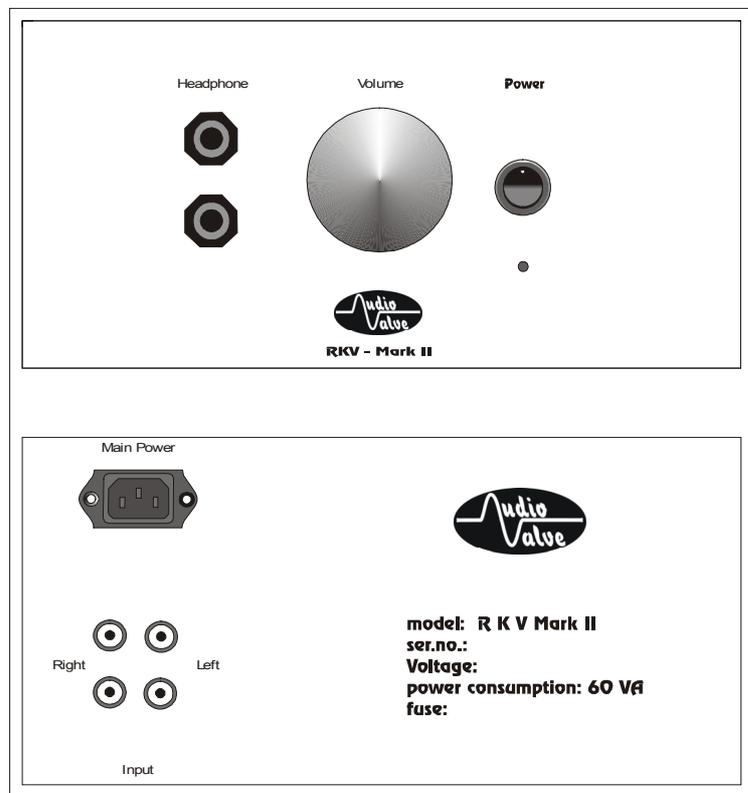
Please connect your headphone to the jacks at low sound levels only.

At the middle of the front you find the ALPS potentiometer to control volume. It has a 51 kOhm impedance which is at the same time the input impedance of the amplifier. The potentiometer has a logarithmic scale.

The RKV is capable of extremely high sound levels. This has the danger of severe hearing damage. While listening to headphones we lack several feedback mechanisms on volume level that are present when we listen to loudspeakers. Much less distortion, no feeling of the lower frequencies by our body and no psychological restraints not to annoy our fellow-men easily seduces us to listen at volume levels that are detrimental to our hearing. Hearing damage from regular exposure to high sound levels progresses slowly but is irreversible and can result in permanent hearing loss.

**!! Please choose your volume setting with caution-!!**

At the right side of the front the power switch and the power indication LED are found. The blue LED is lid with the power ON and mutes as soon as you switch the amplifier OFF.



The black jack at the upper left of the backside is the IEC power inlet. Inside the power inlet a fuse can be found as a protection against overload.

For the 117 V version the value of the fuse should be 1 Ampere Slow.

For the 235 V version the fuse is 0,63 Ampere Slow.

Please only change the fuse with the powercord disconnected and if you're sure that the amplifier is not defective!

Below the power inlet you find two pairs of RCA-inputs to connect the source of your audio signal. The two pairs of inputs are connected in parallel. Thus you can bypass the input signal to another amplification or recording device. Please use either the lower or the upper pair of RCA-inputs to connect your source.

Whenever the device is to be serviced, please disconnect the powercord. Only a knowledgeable technician should have access to the amplifier.

This survey of the PCB's will explain the most important elements for service.

The four tubes are all equal and of the type PCL 805. Thereby the amplifier is relatively secure from overload. The two tubes at the left side belong to the same audio channel.

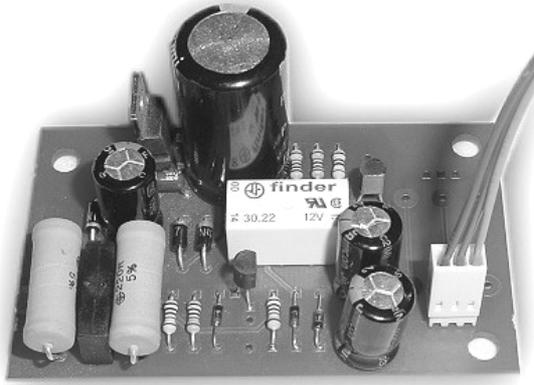
To be mentioned are 4 fuses for the two mono channels. The 0.5 Ampere fuses are for the anodal current regulation and the large 3,15 Ampere versions protect the heating circuitries. Normally, these fuses will hardly fail, as the inrush current at power ON is reduced to acceptable levels by a guarding circuitry. In case a fuse is to be exchanged, please make sure you use the same value and not a higher one.

If you want to exchange tubes, please disconnect the power cord. Also make sure that all pins are properly mounted into the sockets. It is not uncommon that a pin is bend and doesn't enter the socket.

## 7. Technical data:

- **OTL - transformer outless tube amplifier**
  - **double mono construction**
  - **Alps volume control**
  - **2 stereo jackets 6,3 mm for headphones**
  - **tubes: 4 \* PCL 805 (PCL 85 or 18 GV 8 - german old TV "vertikal" ampl. tube )**
  - **power output: each channel 3 watt SINUS, ( between 100 and 400 ohm loads )**
  - **bandwidth: 15 - 100 000 hz**
  - **damping factor: 3600 !**
  - **distortion 0,002 % at 1 Watt-200 Ohm load**
  - **maximum output voltage 80V**
  - **IC - fullautomatically - controlled bias**
  - **class-A**
  - **power consumption 60 watt**
  - **size 360\*200\*120 mm (d.w.h.)**
  - **weight 7.2 kg**
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- **more interesting links** example in : [www.head-fi.com](http://www.head-fi.com)

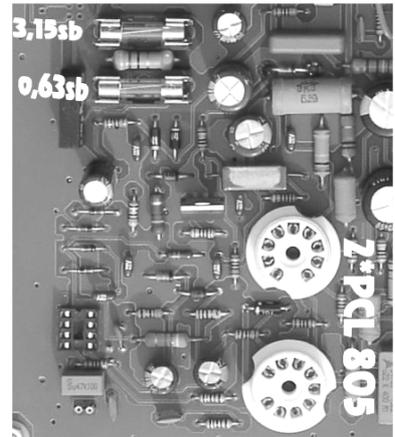
A softstart prevents high initial currents through the cold, low impedance, heating element. This prevents the element to break at its most narrow spot.



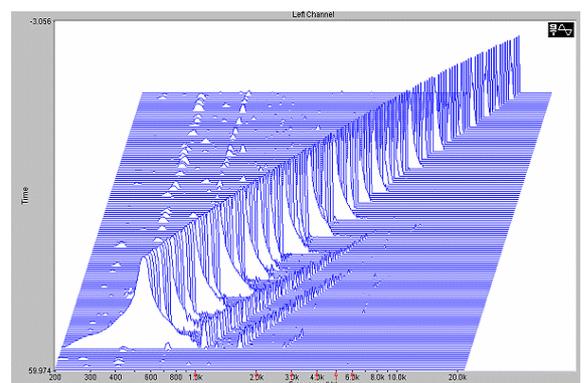
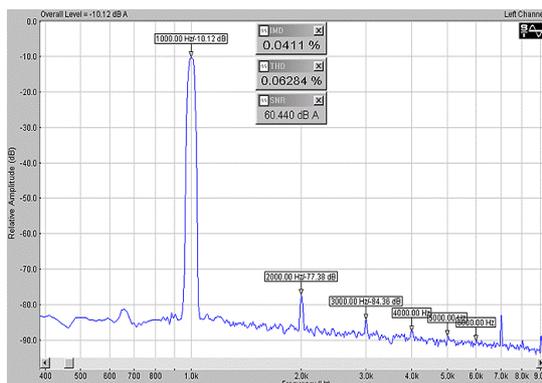
Of special interest with respect to headphone protection is the suppression of all amplifier activity at the warming up phase of the amplifier and at power-down. During these phases charging currents and large voltage variations may cause damage to your headphone. To prevent such damages a „BLOOB“ Eliminator has been added that shortens the outputs of the amplifier and thereby protects the phone.

NOTE: The output will become active after approximately 1 minute after power ON. Please keep your volume settings low during this period.

At power OFF the outputs are shortened for 10 seconds only. Internal discharges are by then completed.



The picture shows the fuses and their values for one audio channel. In case of a defect they have to be exchanged by versions of the same value. The lower one is 0,63 Ampere Slow. The upper one is 3,15 Ampere Slow



These pictures show the distortion spectra of the RKV. The main distortion component is K2, which results in a pleasant sound characteristic, if audible at all at these low levels.

## 8. Use of the IMPEDANZER

In case headphones with impedances below 100 Ohm are to be connected, it is recommended to use the so-called Impedanzer for a better match between amplifier and load impedance. This device allows to connect headphones with impedances between 8 – 64 Ohm.

Also high efficiency loudspeakers can be connected through the two pairs of connectors at both sides of the front. The rotary switch selects the right amount of impedance matching. In case of doubt optimal matching can be established by ear.

At the middle of the front plate two headphone jacks can be found. Again, optimal matching can be selected by the switch.

The backside of the Impedanzer has a cable connector that is to be connected to one of the headphone jacks of the RKV.

If you like to use two headphones of the same load impedance please select a matching impedance at the Impedanzer that equals half the impedance of each headphone. Example: Both headphones have a 32 Ohm load impedance and both are connected. Please select the 16 Ohm setting for a proper matching.

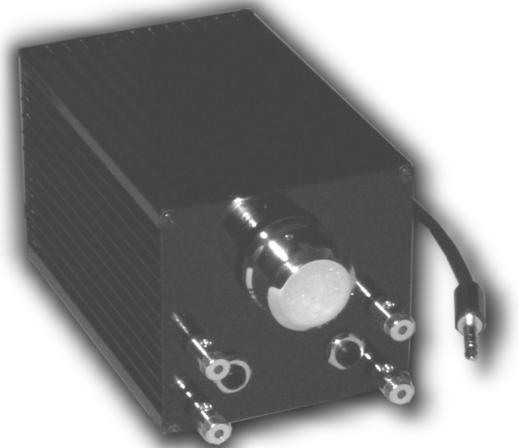
The two pictures show the frontplate and a photograph of the Impedanzer and visualize the various control elements.

(Upgrading Febr. 2004)

The Impedanzer is equipped with a bypass switch that completely removes the built-in transformer from the circuit, a so-called true bypass. This feature allows the RKV owner to hook up headphones such as the AKG K-1000 directly to the speaker binding posts of the Impedanzer using the headphone's standard cables and without any need for custom terminations. At the same time the RKV's output impedance remains unchanged, resulting in a perfect impedance match between RKV and headphone.

When the bypass switch is facing upwards, the Impedanzer's impedance selector is activated and may be adjusted to loads of 8, 16, 32 and 64 Ohms. When the bypass switch is facing downwards, the impedance selector is bypassed, and the RKV will work best into loads of approximately 100 Ohms or higher.

A word of warning: The volume control of the RKV should always be turned all the way down before operating the bypass switch. Bypassing the Impedanzer will otherwise result in a considerable jump in volume, which may damage your hearing or your equipment.



## WARRANTY

AUDIO VALVE warrants its components for a three-year period on all electronics and a 90-day period on the tubes from the purchase date.

In the event of a failure of your amplifier , AUDIO VALVE will repair or readjust this unit or , should the occasion arise , will replace it provided that all conditions stipulated in this warranty are met.

In order to initiate service of any kind it is necessary to obtain distributor or dealer authorization prior to shipping the unit for service.

Any of the following conditions shall void the warranty:

- Operation not in accordance with this manual.
- Abuse , accidental damage or unauthorized modifications , as determined by AUDIO VALVE or its agents exclusively.
- Removal , defacing or falsifying of the serial numbers.
- Shipping without the original complete factory crates.

### WARRANTY REGISTRATION

**Please fill out and return this warranty form to the distributor within 15 days of the purchase date, or visit the AudioValve homepage for ONLINE warranty registration (its cheaper and faster)**

- MODEL : \_\_\_\_\_
- SERIAL NUMBER : \_\_\_\_\_
- PURCHASE DATE : \_\_\_\_\_
- AUTHORIZED AUDIO - VALVE DEALER:
  
- PURCHASER`S NAME : \_\_\_\_\_
- STREET ADDRESS : \_\_\_\_\_
- CITY : \_\_\_\_\_
- ZIP / POSTAL CODE : \_\_\_\_\_

**Send to :**

AUDIO VALVE, H. Becker,  
Auf dem Streken 7  
D-32689 KALLETAL  
GERMANY,

# AUDIO VALVE

german tube technology center  
www.audiovalve.de

32 689 Kalletal, Auf dem Streken 7, GERMANY  
phone +49 5264 7799, fax: + 49 5264 654477,



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## DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

For AUDIOVALVE tube amplifier, model:

**- EKLIPSE, BALDUR70, CHALLENGER115;150;180;400, AVALON, RKV Mark II, BALDUR 200 -**

### Manufacturer

AudioValve tube technology center  
Auf dem Streken 7  
32 689 KALLETAL – GERMANY

### Statement of Conformity

Based on the test results using appropriate standards, the product is in conformity with Electromagnetic

Compatibility Directiv : 89/336/EEC  
92/31/EEC  
93/68/EEC

Low voltage Directiv : 73/23/EEC  
93/68/EEC

### SAMPLE TESTS

Standard used: EN 55013-1: 1993 (and subsequent modifications)  
Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturbance  
characteristics of broadcast receivers and associated equipment  
EN 61000-3-2: 1995 (and subsequent modifications)  
Electromagnetic compatibility. Part 3: Limits – Section, 2: Limits  
for harmonic current emission (equipment input current < 16A per  
phase  
EN 61000-3-3: 1995 (and subsequent modifications)  
Electromagnetic compatibility. Part 3: Limits – Section, 2:  
Limitation of voltage fluctuations and flicker in low-voltage supply  
system for equipment with rated current < 16  
EN 60335, EN 61305-1, EN 61305-3, CEI 84-2, CEI 84-3, CEI 84-8

The tests have been performed in a typical configuration. This Conformity is indicated by the symbol

CE

“Conformité européenne”